

August 28, 2020

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VIA ELECTRONIC DELIVERY

Jan Noriyuki Commission Secretary Idaho Public Utilities Commission 11331 W. Chinden Blvd. Building 8 Suite 201A Boise, ID 83714

Re: CASE NO. PAC-E-18-08

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER FOR AUTHORIZATION TO CHANGE DERECIATION RATES APPLICABLE TO ELECTRIC PROPERTY

Attention: Ms. Noriyuki

Pursuant to Order No. 34754, please find Rocky Mountain Power's Phase II comments in the above referenced matter.

Informal inquiries may be directed to Ted Weston, Idaho Regulatory Manager at (801) 220-2963.

Very truly yours,

Vice President, Regulation

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Attorney for Rocky Mountain Power

BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER FOR) CASE NO. PAC-E-18-08
AUTHORIZATION TO CHANGE DERECIATION RATES APPLICABLE TO ELECTRIC PROPERTY) PHASE II - INCREMENTAL) DECOMMISSIONING COSTS)

Rocky Mountain Power, a division of PacifiCorp (the "Company") pursuant to the Idaho Public Utilities Commission ("Commission") Order No. 34754, which approved changes to depreciation rates and authorized Phase II to evaluate decommissioning costs and determine the appropriate ratemaking treatment for them. Phase II is to evaluate the decommissioning costs in the 2018 Depreciation Study, filed on September 11, 2018, compared to the costs in the 2020 decommissioning studies ("Incremental Decommissioning costs") filed on January 17, 2020, and March 16, 2020, (collectively "2020 Decommissioning Studies"). The Company respectfully submits the following proposal for ratemaking treatment of the Incremental Decommissioning costs.

1. Rocky Mountain Power is an electrical corporation and public utility operating in the state of Idaho and is subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission with regard to its

public utility operations. PacifiCorp has two retail electric service divisions, Rocky Mountain Power and Pacific Power. Rocky Mountain Power provides retail electric service in Idaho, Utah, and Wyoming, and Pacific Power provides retail electric service in California, Oregon, and Washington.

2. Communications regarding this Application should be addressed to:

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In addition, Rocky Mountain Power requests that all data requests regarding this Application be addressed to:

By email (preferred) datarequest@pacificorp.com

By regular mail Data Request Response Center

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Portland, OR 97232

Informal inquiries related to this Application may be directed to Ted Weston, at (801) 220-2963.

3. Through PacifiCorp's Multi-State Process negotiations, the signatories to the 2020 PacifiCorp Inter-Jurisdictional Allocation Protocol ("2020 Protocol") agreed that the Company should conduct a thorough study of decommissioning and site reclamation costs for

certain coal-fueled generation resources.¹ On January 17, 2020, and March 16, 2020, the Company filed copies of the 2020 Decommissioning Studies with the Commission.

- 4. The 2020 Decommissioning Studies were performed by independent engineering consultant Kiewit Engineering Group Inc., with input from the Company and independent contractors with direct experience decommissioning coal-fueled facilities and site reclamation. The studies included review and input from an independent demolition contractor North American Dismantling Corporation and independent hazardous materials abatement contractors Winter Environmental and ARC Abatement. Two additional independent demolition contractors, Bierlein Companies, Inc. and Brandenburg Industrial Service Company, also reviewed the 2020 Decommissioning Studies results.
- 5. The scope of work for the 2020 Decommissioning Studies included the following requirements: (1) provide an owner-informed, overall decommissioning design basis to be used for all of the generating facilities in the study. The design basis established the fundamental assumptions for the cost estimates provided in the final 2020 Decommissioning Studies; (2) provide a Class 3 cost estimate to identify all of the costs for the decommissioning, demolition, reclamation, and remediation of the Hunter, Huntington, Dave Johnston, Jim Bridger, Naughton, Wyodak, and Hayden, and Colstrip generating facilities; (3) provide a narrative report describing the entities involved, process used to prepare the report, and assumptions; (4) provide a spreadsheet report incorporating the Association for the Advancement of Cost Engineering ("AACE")² Class 3 cost estimates inclusive of certain

¹In the Matter of Rocky Mountain Power's Application for Approval of the 2020 PacifiCorp Inter-Jurisdictional Allocation Protocol, Case No. PAC-E-19-20, Order No. 34649 (Apr. 22, 2020) (2020 Protocol Sections 4.3.1.1-4.3.1.2).

² AACE is a 501(c)(3) non-profit professional association founded in 1956 that offers publications, practice guides, education, certification and recommended practices for cost estimating.

owner provided Asset Retirement Obligation ("ARO") cost estimates as verified by the thirdparty study provider; and (5) provide cost estimates based on fourth quarter 2019 dollars.

- 6. PacifiCorp's owned, but not operated, Cholla Unit 4 and Craig Units 1 and 2 were not included in the 2020 Decommissioning Studies because those units had common depreciable lives proposed for all states in the most recent depreciation study and common retirement dates in the 2019 Integrated Resource Plan.³
- 7. Arizona Public Service Company, the operator of the Cholla generation facility, has retained APTIM Corporation to study the decommissioning and demolition costs for the entire Cholla generation facility, including Cholla Unit 4. A decommissioning and demolition study for the Craig facility will be completed by no later than 2024 in accordance with the 2020 Protocol.
- 8. The 2020 Decommissioning Studies provide an AACE Class 3 estimate for demolition, salvage, and scrap costs for the facilities studied. An AACE Class 3 cost estimate has an expected accuracy of minus 20 percent to plus 30 percent.
- 9. The decommissioning cost estimates included in the 2018 Depreciation Study were extrapolated from AACE Class 5 estimates for demolition of a limited subset of PacifiCorp's owned and operated coal-fueled facilities. A Class 5 study has an expected accuracy of minus 50 percent to plus 100 percent. It should also be noted that the underlying scope and design basis for the previous decommissioning cost estimates was refined and expanded in response to scoping feedback from stakeholders during the Multi-State Process negotiations.

³ PacifiCorp's Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) for 2019, Case No. PAC-E-19-16 (Oct. 18, 2019).

- 10. The differences between the previous estimates and the current 2020 Decommissioning Studies are primarily in the method, estimate class, scope, assumptions for ARO and environmental liabilities, site reclamation, owner's costs and contractor indirect costs.
- 11. The previous estimates developed demolition costs and salvage values for three coal-fueled generating facilities that were intended to be generally representative of the broader coal-fueled generating fleet. The cost of demolition and salvage for the generating facilities that were not directly studied were extrapolated to establish estimates using generally comparable generating facilities that had been studied. The 2020 Decommissioning Studies estimate the cost and salvage values for each generating facility individually.
- 12. The scope of the previous estimates was focused primarily at a facility level and limited to individual generating units. The previous estimates did not include infrastructure and utilities outside the plant perimeter. The 2020 Decommissioning Studies focused on individual units as well as all common plant facilities, both inside and outside the facility perimeter.
- 13. During the time between the previous estimates and the 2020 Decommissioning Studies, the scope and cost of AROs changed as existing obligations were completed and new obligations were incurred. In addition, the scope of the current studies included reviewing the cost of the Company's ARO estimates. Where the consultant's estimate for an ARO was significantly different than the Company's estimate, the consultant included their estimate for the ARO in the 2020 Decommissioning Studies. The net result was a total increase of approximately \$15 million.

- 14. Previous estimates did not include site reclamation. The 2020 Decommissioning Studies include site reclamation at an estimated average cost of \$9.8 million per generating facility. Reclamation scope assumptions include grading to meet permit conditions and match existing terrain as much as reasonably possible, installing top soil, and seeding for native plants. Top soil installation and seeding was not estimated for Wyodak, due to its co-location with non-PacifiCorp generation resources in an energy hub.
- 15. The previous estimates did not include owner's project development and oversight costs or itemized competitive market contractor indirect costs. The 2020 Decommissioning Studies includes owner's project development and oversight costs. Owner's costs include the cost of preparing the facility for the work, project management, long-lead permitting, and site demolition management.
- 16. Attachment No. 1 summarizes the results of the 2020 Decommissioning Studies by major category by plant excluding certain closure-related costs that may be considered outside of decommissioning costs or require additional steps to refine their accuracy.
- 17. The decommissioning costs include the costs to: (1) develop the decommissioning project including the site investigation; (2) decommission the facility, including decontaminating and preparing the facility for the demolition contractor; (3) dismantle and demolition of the facility less the offset value of salvage and scrap; (4) complete ARO, site remediation, and site reclamation; and (5) estimate competitive market contractor margin and indirect costs. The costs and offsets were adjusted to PacifiCorp's ownership values for each facility studied.
- 18. Demolition costs are offset by the value of salvage and scrap. Estimated salvage value is based on the projected value of equipment, materials, and commodities that could be

sold. Estimated scrap value is based on the estimated then-current market prices of steel, titanium, copper based metals, and other valuable metals.

- 19. Other costs incorporated in the 2020 Decommissioning Studies that may be considered outside of decommissioning costs include: (1) assets for which cost recovery is accounted for through mechanisms other than depreciation; (2) assets that do not present an immediate hazard, nuisance, or need to decommission and remediate, including asbestos coated piping; (3) coal pile subsurface excavation and remediation and above-ground asbestos remediation costs that have been estimated, but will be further evaluated in the next steps; and (4) material and supply inventory and rolling stock dispensation.
- 20. The Company proposal does not seek recovery of the Other Decommissioning costs at this time; they are not part of the costs summarized in Attachment 1 and 2. The Company continues to evaluate these other costs, recovery will be addressed in future proceedings.
- 21. The 2020 Decommissioning Studies also assumed removal of 10 feet of coalladen soil under the current coal piles at each facility. The Company plans to conduct a coal pile boring study to improve the coal pile subsurface excavation, remediation, and haul off cost estimate for each facility studied. The Company also plans to conduct an asbestos study for each facility studied to improve asbestos abatement costs.
- 22. The Company contemplates an update of the 2020 Decommissioning Studies in 2024 to address the Craig, Hunter, Huntington, and Wyodak coal-fueled resources. That study will update the estimated decommissioning costs so that depreciation rates for Craig⁴ and the longer-lived resources (i.e. Hunter, Huntington, and Wyodak) can be updated to reflect

⁴ PacifiCorp's ownership share is 19 percent of Craig Unit 1 and 19 percent of Craig Unit 2.

more accurate and contemporaneous decommissioning estimates. Further, the operator of Cholla Unit 4 is separately estimating decommissioning and site reclamation costs for that unit.

- 23. The 2020 Decommissioning Studies also identified other plant closure costs that are necessary for the Company to fully recover all costs associated with closing a plant. For example, each generation plant has a certain level of materials and supplies inventory that is required to operate the plant. In the event of a plant closure, those material and supplies will no longer be required and often cannot be absorbed for use at a different generation facility. Given those circumstances, the Company would seek recovery of the unusable material and supplies inventory in addition to all of the other incurred or expected plant closure costs. As identified in the 2020 Decommissioning Studies, there are a significant amount of other plant closure costs that will need to be addressed in a future proceeding.
- 24. Attachment 2 summarizes the Incremental Decommissioning costs by plant with the annual amount on a total Company and Idaho allocated basis. The Incremental Decommissioning costs for the plants included in the study are approximately \$454 million. The annual cost was calculated by dividing the Incremental Decommissioning costs by the remaining life of the last retired unit of the plant, based on the lives assumed in the 2018 Depreciation study.
- 25. Idaho's allocation of the Incremental Decommissioning costs based on the 2020 Decommissioning Studies is approximately \$2.3 million per year. The decommissioning costs collected in rates would be deferred to a regulatory liability account that would be reduced by actual decommissioning costs as incurred by the Company.
- 26. On June 15, 2020, the Company filed a Stipulation between parties in this case for new depreciation rates from the 2018 depreciation study. To enable the Company to delay

filing a rate case in 2019 with rates effective January 1, 2021, the Stipulating Parties agreed that the Company could defer incremental depreciation expense for one year during calendar year 2021.

- 27. The Company strives for consistent treatment among its states on system allocated assets, therefore it requests that amortization of the Incremental Decommissioning costs begin January 1, 2021, aligned with the new depreciation rates authorized by Order No. 34754.⁵
- 28. Consistent with the Commission-approved treatment of the incremental depreciation expense, the Company proposes that Idaho's allocation of Incremental Decommissioning costs of \$2,291,178 also be deferred during calendar year 2021 to be collected in customers' rates beginning with the rate effective date of the Company's next general rate case. The amortization period to recover the deferral would be determined in that case.

III. REQUEST FOR RELIEF

Rocky Mountain Power respectfully requests that the Commission approve the Incremental Decommissioning costs reflected in the 2020 Decommissioning Studies and authorize the Company to create a regulatory asset to defer Idaho's allocated share of annual amortization expense of \$2,291,178 of the Incremental Decommissioning costs during calendar year 2021.

⁵ In the Matter of the Application of Rocky Mountain Power for Authorization to Change Depreciation Rates Applicable to Electric Property, Case No. PAC-E-18-08.

DATED this 28th day of August, 2020.

Respectfully submitted, ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER

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CONFIDENTIAL Attachment 1 2020 Decommissioning Summary

Case No. PAC-E-18-08 - Phase II Attachment No. 1 - 2020 Decommissioning Studies

Description	Hunter	Huntington	D Johnston	J Bridger	Naughton	Wyodak	Hayden	Colstrip 3&4†
1 Site Investigation and Development								
2 Decommissioning - Owner scope								
3 Pre-demolition Decontamination								
4 Net of Demolition, Salvage, and Scrap								
5 Reclamation								
6 Demolition Contractor Plant Specific Items								
Demolition Contractor Subtotal - Categories 3 thru 6 above	6 above							
Gross Cost								
Salvage/Scrap Offset								
Net Cost								
7 Owner Plant Specific AROs								
9 Demolition Contractor Project Indirects								
10 BASE ESTIMATE Subtotal, before Contingency								
Gross Cost								
Salvage/Scrap Offset								
Net Cost								
11 Contingency								
12 Net Cost								
13 PacifiCorp Ownership Percentage of the Plant	84.687%	100.000%	100.000%	%299.99	100.000%	80.00%	17.500%	10.000%
14 PacifiCorp Share of BASE ESTIMATE Total, including Contingency	Contingency							
Gross Cost Salvage/Scran Offcet								
Net Cost								

REDACTED

+- Colstrip Unit 1 - 4 common facility costs converted to Colstrip Unit 3 - 4 costs by mulitplying by 58%.

Attachment 2 Incremental Decommissioning Costs

SG Allocation Factor 5.911%

Plant	Plant Closure Date	Remaining Life (Years)	2018 Depreciation Study Estimated Total Plant Decommissioning	2020 Engineering Decommissioning Study	Incremental Decommissioning Costs	Total Company Annual Amount	Idaho Allocated Annual Amount
Hunter	2042	22	50,022,000	109,400,262	59,378,262	2,699,012	159,542
Huntington	2036	16	40,256,000	111,919,004	71,663,004	4,478,938	264,756
Dave Johnston	2027	7	26,095,000	101,989,356	75,894,356	10,842,051	640,887
Jim Bridger	2037	17	52,662,000	156,984,308	104,322,308	6,136,606	362,742
Naughton	2029	9	62,267,000	158,991,849	96,724,849	10,747,205	635,281
Wyodak	2039	19	7,138,000	30,690,185	23,552,185	1,239,589	73,274
Hayden	2030	10	352,000	14,093,486	13,741,486	1,374,149	81,228
Colstrip	2027	7	12,685,000	21,385,311	8,700,311	1,242,902	73,469
		Total	251,477,000	705,453,761	453,976,761	38,760,451	2,291,178

		2018 Depreciation		Net		Estimated
		Study - Depreciable		Dependable	Estimated Unit	Total Plant
Generating Unit	Plant	Life	2016 \$/kW	Capacity	Decommissioning	Decommissioning
Cholla 4	Cholla	2025	51.46	395.0	20,328,000	
Cholla	Cholla					20,328,000
Dave Johnston 1	Dave Johnston	2027	34.25	106.0	3,630,000	
Dave Johnston 2	Dave Johnston	2027	34.25	106.0	3,630,000	
Dave Johnston 3	Dave Johnston	2027	34.25	220.0	7,534,000	
Dave Johnston 4	Dave Johnston	2027	34.25	330.0	11,301,000	
Dave Johnston	Dave Johnston					26,095,000
Hunter 1	Hunter	2042	43.19	418.1	18,060,000	
Hunter 2	Hunter	2042	43.19	269.0	11,618,000	
Hunter 3	Hunter	2042	43.19	471.0	20,344,000	
Hunter	Hunter					50,022,000
Huntington 1	Huntington	2036	44.29	459.0	20,327,000	
Huntington 2	Huntington	2036	44.29	450.0	19,929,000	
Huntington	Huntington					40,256,000
Jim Bridger 1	Jim Bridger	2028	37.21	354.0	13,172,000	
Jim Bridger 2	Jim Bridger	2032	37.21	359.3	13,370,000	
Jim Bridger 3	Jim Bridger	2037	37.21	348.7	12,973,000	
Jim Bridger 4	Jim Bridger	2037	37.21	353.3	13,147,000	
Jim Bridger	Jim Bridger					52,662,000
Naughton 1	Naughton	2029	97.75	156.0	15,249,000	·
Naughton 2	Naughton	2029	97.75	201.0	19,648,000	
Naughton 3	Naughton	2029	97.75	280.0	27,370,000	
Naughton	Naughton				· · ·	62,267,000
Wyodak	Wyodak	2039	26.63	268.0	7,138,000	
Wyodak	Wyodak				, ,	7,138,000
Colstrip 3	Colstrip 3/4	2046	85.71	74.0	6,342,500	
Colstrip 4	Colstrip 3/4	2046	85.71	74.0	6,342,500	
Colstrip 3/4	Colstrip 3/4				, ,	12,685,000
Craig 1	Craig	2025	12.37	82.33	1,018,000	, ,
Craig 2	Craig	2026	12.37	82.52	1,021,000	
Craig	Craig				, , , , , , , , , , ,	2,039,000
Hayden 1	Hayden	2030	4.50	45.1	203,000	_,,,,,,,,,
Hayden 2	Hayden	2030	4.51	33.01	149,000	
Hayden	Hayden			33.31	_ :5,000	352,000
Gadsby 1	Gadsby	2032	39.11	64.0	2,503,000	332,000
Gadsby 2	Gadsby	2032	39.11	69.0	2,699,000	
Gadsby 3	Gadsby	2032	39.12	104.5	4,088,000	
Gadsby	Gadsby	2002	33.12	104.5	+,000,000	9,290,000
Blundell 1	Blundell	2037	139.39	23.00	3,206,000	3,230,000
Blundell 2	Blundell	2037	139.39	10.00	1,393,000	
Blundell Field	Blundell	2037	139.30	10.00	2,140,000	
Blundell	Blundell	2037			2,140,000	6,739,000
	Biuliueii		16.7	6 205 0	200 072 000	
Fleet			46.7	6,205.9	289,873,000	289,873,000

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 28^{th} of August, 2020, I caused to be served, via electronic mail a true and correct copy of Rocky Mountain Power's Phase II Comments in Case No. PAC-E-18-08 to the following:

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Dated this 28th day of August, 2020.

Katie Savarin

Coordinator, Regulatory Operations